Case Study: 033

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Marlow Lock Gates: Manufacture, project management and installation

As part of a £1.8 million investment in the refurbishment of a number of its assets along the River Thames, the Environment Agency (EA) has replaced the lock gates at Marlow. This complex part of the project was delivered by ECS Engineering Services as a turnkey solution that involved considerable inhouse design and steel fabrication work.

The existing lock at Marlow was rebuilt by the Thames Conservancy in 1927 and since then the only improvements have been routine maintenance work and the addition of electrical power to make gate operation easier.

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Manufacture

The lock gates had been independently inspected and assessed for the EA, along with several other sites. On the whole, it was deemed that the best course of action was to continue with maintaining the lock gates, but it was considered more cost effective to replace the lock gates at Marlow.

The complete installation comprised four in number steel gates (2 x Tail and 2 x Head Gates) and these have been fitted to replace the existing timber gates. Gates have been handed to reflect fitment on the left and right hand side. Each gate comprises of 4 sluices, which are hydraulically operated. The gates were substantial pieces of engineering being 3.6 m wide and with 2 at 3.8m tall and 2 at 5.77m tall. In addition the project required minor civil works for the sill and bull noses, which were carried out including pathway widening on both sides of the Lock.

The steel lock gates have been provided with a duplex corrosion protection system of hot Zinc spray and painting. The life to first maintenance of these coatings is 25 years. The gates are fitted with synthetic seals (neoprene 'P' seals) to the heel and mitre posts, and the bottom rails. The life to first maintenance of these seals is 15 years.

The heel, mitre posts and bottom rails are fitted with synthetic bearing blocks. Rubbing strips are attached to the downstream side and trash guards are fitted to the mitre posts.



Framework in construction

Clearly, as steel fabricated product, these new lock gates would need to be manufactured according to BS EN 1090 and carry the CE certification, under legislation that came into force in July 2014. ECS has achieved the required accreditation which demands a comprehensive quality system and traceability of all the components within a structure as well as regular training of engineers. With annual reassessments this essential certification also serves as an excellent benchmark that must be met before the EA will award any fabrication contracts.

For specialist projects such as this the EA relies on experienced contractors, such as ECS, that have the skills and the facilities to deliver the complete project, from start to finish. In this case the EA had specified the new gates to be constructed from steel which, with the correct marine protection, would provide a strong and durable solution with a design life of 80 years. Under the current European standards, this installation was classed as EXC2, well within the abilities of the ECS engineers which have achieved certification up to the more rigorous EXC3, which includes buildings and bridges.

Measurements were taken from the original wooden gates and information from historical drawings was used to create the designs for the new steel gates. Of crucial importance were the hinge points and the mitre join between the gates that must be correct to ensure reliable operation and a watertight joint.



Installation

Lock facilities such as those at Marlow provide a vital service that enables boats to travel along the Thames. ECS' task was to manage the entire project and deliver a renewed facility with the minimum of inconvenience to the general public.

To achieve this, the work was carefully coordinated with our design teams, on-site engineers and our steel fabrication facility along with several third parties. ECS' experience in working on large water control structures proved invaluable in assessing the complications and providing solutions, resulting in a timely completion.

A set of head gates and a set of tail gates were manufactured for each site at ECS's Huthwaite steel fabrication centre before being treated. The Marlow gates were protected using a hot-sprayed zinc in order to achieve the maximum level of protection.

The completed lock gates were installed under ECS supervision using barge mounted HIAB cranes with a dive team was on hand to assist with the positioning of the gates on the hinges. The final step was to check the seals between the gates and around the sluice doors which was again completed by the dive team, with underwater video used to prove that all was in order.

ECS has coordinated and managed the entire process, including specialist sub-contract suppliers, from initial design through to the final handover.



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